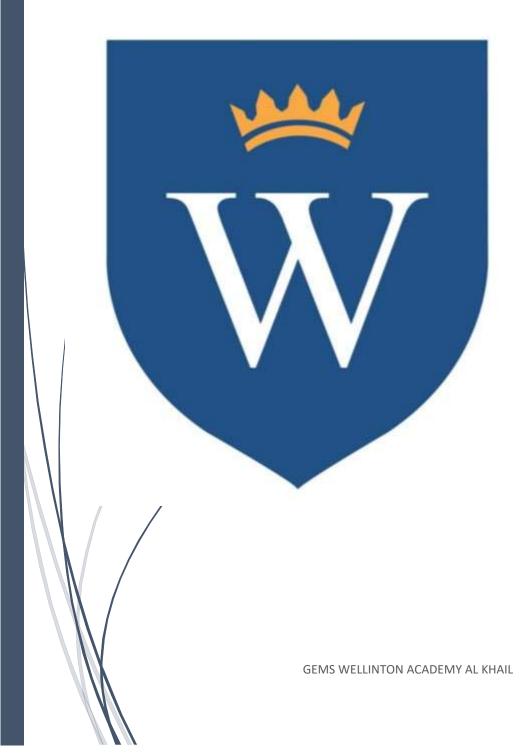
أكاديمية جيمس ولينغتون - شارع الخيل GEMS Wellington Academy AL KHAIL





Year 12 Curriculum



أحاديمية جيمس ولينغتون - شارع الخيل GEMS Wellington Academy AL KHAIL

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Key Stage 5 Arabic A Curriculum Year 12

MOE national document expectations in year 12 in the 4 skills. Most of the resources used are based on specifications made by the UAE Ministry of Education.

<u>Reading</u>: The learners read distinguished literary works and interact with them in a way to support the subjects which they study and read in the other knowledge fields as history, Sociology, psychology, and others, to reach a deep level

Analise the texts which they read and specify the ideas and the general humanitarian issues which are presented in such texts. Conclude the expressive significance (inspiration). Read and analyze old and modern poetic texts and prose works including short stories, plays, and novels which are different in their contents and the issues discussed, as well as write about the texts to show their ability to analyze such artistic texts and explain the ideas contained therein, in addition to link them with other literary works which read by them to reflect their cognitive and literary wealth that suit their abilities and standard. It shows the historical stages of Arabic Literature through the timeline of the literary eras, as well as mentioning distinguished and famous persons. Elicits the technical features of the texts and connects them with their literary eras. Compare the language, style, and ideas of some poems. Distinguishes the emotive language in texts and explain the rhetorical images in the verses. Show the role of imagination and verbal images in creating an impact on poetry.

<u>Writing:</u> The learner shows his understanding of the different elements of the letter (the purpose, the recipient, and the form), as he writes narrative texts, explanatory texts, persuasive texts, or descriptive texts. Use personification, rhetorical imaging, paradox, and other tools in writing. Organizes the ideas and evidence in coherent and convincing form, which expresses deep thinking on the subject and supports that with proof and persuasive examples. Uses the language in a bright and vibrant way. Draft a simple research paper and apply the basic steps to do so. (they may employ the topics assigned in other subjects for drafting the paper), develop h research by asking clear and precise questions about the subject, and applies several strategies of research (the oral history, meetings, experiences, electronic sources, and studying the case). Applies the techniques of revision and evaluation on texts produced by them.

<u>Speaking</u>: The learners show their ability in conversation such as fluency, confidence, organising the ideas, clarity, and using the paralleled elements of the language including tuning, accent, gesture, and allusion, as well as participating effectively in official presentations such as speeches, public discussions, and debates, moreover to use conversation skill for various purposes as asking questions, exchanging information, re-formatting the audible texts, or narration of a story and providing different presentations

Listening: The learners listen to the audible texts and show understanding, distinguish, and analyze the ideas, extract values and principles, evaluate the texts according to objective standards, and adhere to the etiquette of listening.

Term 1 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 1-2-3 - Overarching Key Questions
الأيات الكريمة	
شعر على قدر أهل العزم للمتنبي	
نظرة خارج النافذة	متى يكون ما نقوله مختلفًا عما نعنيه؟
حقيقة الأشياء	كيفٌ تؤثَّر اختياراتنا المعجمية على الطريقة التي نقدم بها الأفكار؟
اعرف نفسك	لماذا تعتبر القواعد اللغوية مهمة؟
شعراء العصر العباسي	
قصنة البدين والنحيف	كيف يستخدم الشاعر الأجهزة اللغويَّة لإنشاء صوت شعري؟
أرق على أرق	كيف يتصاعد الوقت/ العاطفة في هذه النص.؟
لماذا نعد النجوم	ما هي الاستراتيجيات التي يمكنك استخدامها لجعل الكتابة حية للقارئ؟
نأثير العلوم على التكنولوجيا	

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كتابات إقناعية وسردية وتأملية واستجابات أدبية	ما هي الأسباب التي تجعل الثقافات والأفراد يروون قصصًا عن
لجملة الأسمية ومكملاتها- أفعال المقاربة والرجاء	
والشروع	
Term 2 – Topics/ Key Content	ما الذي يدفعنا للتواصل من خلال الوسائط الرقمية وغير الرقمية؟
حديث شريف	ما الذيُّ يجعل الكتابة تستحق القراءة، ولماذا نفعل ذلك؟
لكلُّ شيء إذا ما تمّ نقصان	كيف يخلق المؤلف معنى في النص، وما الذي يجعل هذا المعنى
الصيف والجماعات	صحيحا؟
التغلب على التوتر النفسى	ما هي الطرق التي يمكن أن نعبر بها عن أنفسنا عندما لا نعرف لغة
الأمير الصغير	الآخرين؟
كيف نكشف المغالطات	كيف يمكننا استخدام كتابة القصة، ورواية القصص للمساعدة في حل
عرض تقديمي للرواية	المشكلات اليومية؟
طرح تجربة شخصية	كيف يمكن أن نستخدم معرفة بنية اللغة في الكتابة بشكل أكثر إقناعا؟
كتابة سيرة غيرية في مجال الأعمال- كتابة ورقة بحثية	كيف يمكنك أن تجعل قضية ما مقنعة، وتلهم القارئ لاتخاذ إجراءات؟
الجملة الفعلية ومكملاتها- المنصوبات	ما هي أهم الاستراتيجيات لبناء مهارات الاتصال الشفوي الفعال؟
Term 3 – Topics/ Key Content	ما هي السمات المميزة للجملة؟ وكيف يساهم اختلافها في تغيير
شعر التفعيلة- إلى أمي محمود درويش	المعنى؟
الموسيقي في العلم	ما هي القوالب اللغوية التي تدعم المعنى وتقويه؟ منه المانية – الأنار الأنه ترانية في منه المانية المانية المانية المانية المانية المانية المانية المانية الماني
الإعلانات التلفزيونية	كيف يساعدنا شرح العناصر الأدبية للنص في فهم ما قرأناه؟ منه المدناية حرالا بالتسالار الترقيم ما ما من منه الأردام شريا
قصىة طفل وكلب	كيف يساعدنا طرح الأسئلة والإجابة عليها على فهم الأحداث بشكل أفضل؟
الغرافين مادة المستقبل	الصل: كيف تساعدنا معرفة الغرض من المؤلف على فهم النص بشكل أفضل؟
فلم وثائقي تسجيلي	ميت للما عدل معرك المركل من الموقف على عهم التص بممل المعن . كيف يمكننا تحديد الكلمات والعبارات في القصص والقصائد التي تظهر
كتابة سيرة غيرية- تأملية- إستجابة أدبية	يف يعت عديد (معن و(مجررت في معنى والمعن الفي معهد) المشاعر والحواس؟
الاستعارات كتابة استجابة أدبية	كيف يساهد الحقل الدلالي في النص في رسيد الصور والمشاعد والأحداث
الجر والإضافة- التوابع	يت يت مم ، من ، دو ي مي ، من ي ريم ، من رو ، من من مي ريم ، من رو ، در و، در مر . والتنقل بينها؟
	كيف نعلق على النص باستخدام المعرفة السابقة؟
	كيُّف يتم بناء فهمنا للثقَّافة والمجتمع والتاريخ من خلال اللغة؟
	كيف يتم استخدام اللغة للتلاعب بنا؟
	كيف تؤثّر اللغة على طريقة تفكيرنا وتصرفنا وإدراكنا للعالم؟
	كيف يستخدم المؤلفون موارد اللغة للتأثير على الجمهور؟
	ما هي التجارب التي قد تكون دفعت الكاتب لإبداع هذا النص؟
	كيف يكشف الأدب عن قيم ثقافة معينة أو فترة زمنية معينة؟
	من أين ينبع النص؟ من داخله؟ من داخل القارئ، أو في التفاعل
	بينهما؟ ما الذي يمكن للقارئ معرفته عن نوايا المؤلف بناءً على قراءة
	النص فقط؟
	ما هي الأسئلة والصراعات الدائمة التي واجهت الكاتب (وثقافاته) منذ
	منات السنين وما زالت صالحة حتى اليوم؟
	هل هناك موضوعات عالمية في الأدب، أي موضوعات تهم جميع الثقتينية من من مديرة
	الثقافات والمجتمعات؟
	ما هو الغرض من: الخيال العلمي؟ هجاء؟ الروايات التاريخية؟
Assessment Overview and Format:	Links for Home Learning/Extension Resources:
-	
	All resources will be shared with students on TEAMS.
on-going listening, oral presentations,	Homework will be shared with students on go4school.
composition, projects, and diagnostic	Pupils will be given a weekly HW assignment as well as
assessments.	extension activities.
Summative Assessments include unit tests,	3 7
mid/year, and end of year exams during	watch different documentaries in Arabic, then discuss it
the school's Key Assessment cycle.	with them, free reading will be followed by the teacher
	weekly.



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Key Stage 5 Art & Design Curriculum Year 12

Key Stage 5 Art & Design Curriculum Year 12				
Term 1 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 1 - Overarching Key Questions			
The first term is all about skill-building and experimentation. Students will experiment	How can we manipulate materials for art purposes?			
with marking making and drawing techniques. They will experience working in	What materials work best together?			
a variety of materials such as textiles and modelling materials. They will also look at	How will you know you have picked the best solutions?			
ways in which to create sculptures and creating work in scale.				
The theme will be Pattern and Texture with Natural Forms.				
Term 2 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 2 - Overarching Key Questions			
Students will start their Personal Study in which they will create a selection of mini	How will you know you have chosen the best personal study for you?			
studies and this will continue from January to January next year.	What is your personal interest in the topic?			
Students will need to ensure the topic is one that personally interests them so that they	What methods will you use?			
will be able to study the subject in depth.	What will make your sketchbook different to that off others?			
The work will be students led and the teacher will only be there to facilitate and give advice. Students will have regular interviews on progress to ensure students	How will you create a path to your final outcome?			
are critically thinking about their chosen topic.				
Term 3 – Topics/ Key Content	Course Structure			
	The A Level Art and Design course content is broken down into 2 components:			
The direction would now be very clear.	Components 1 Personal Study makes up 60% of the total grade.			
Students should now be thinking about their	-			
Art assignment of 4000 words. They must be clear on the direction of this so that they	Component 2 Exam makes up 30% of the total grade.			
are ready to type this up in the summer holiday.	Students will be choosing their own topics for the Personal Study.			
Assessment Overview and Format:	Links for Home Learning/Extension Resources:			
There will be a continuous assessment through the skill building in term one and in the progress of the Personal Study. These	All students must be spending 5-6 hours on their artwork in their own time. The work will not be a standalone exercise but part of their project.			



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will help monitor ongoing progress of the students.

Students will complete 3 Outcomes and be assessed on these in this year. Students will not complete their Personal study until January in year 2. At this stage, they will receive their final estimated grade based on internal moderation.

Students will all be part of the Showbie group on which all work will be submitted and marked.

All resources will also be stored on this app to guide the students.



Key Stage 5 Biology Curriculum Year 12

We follow the international iAQA specification with exams in January and June.

we follow the international IAQA specification w	-			
TERM 1 – UNIT 1				
Textbook Chapters:	Textbook Chapters:			
1. Biological Molecules				
3. Biochemical Reactions in Cells 4. Transport in and out of Cells				
6. Variation	5. Gas Exchange			
DNA, genes and Chromosomes	6. Variation			
8. Protein Synthesis	9. Genetic Diversity			
10. Biodiversity	10. Biodiversity			
Exam practice and gap filling	Exam practice and gap filling			
TERM	2 – UNIT 2			
Textbook Chapters:	Textbook Chapters:			
11. Causes of Disease	12. Digestion and Absorption			
13. Human Disease	14. Mammalian Blood			
15. Mass transport systems	16. Cell Division			
18. Populations	18. Populations			
Exam practice and gap filling	Exam practice and gap filling			
TERM 3	- Revision			
Re	vision			
Preparati	on for Exams			
Assessment Overview and Format:	Links for Home Learning/Extension Resources:			
For each topic, students will complete:	All resources will be shared with students on			
 exam questions for homework 	TEAMS.			
- short end of unit tests	The 'Physics and Maths Tutor' website provides			
	exam questions and revision notes:			
Key Assessments will assess all of the content	https://www.physicsandmathstutor.com/			
that has been covered before the date of the	IAQA specification:			
assessment. They will have the same format as	oxfordaqa-international-as-and-a-level-physics-			
that of the real AS papers.	<pre>specification.pdf (oxfordaqaexams.org.uk)</pre>			

Key Stage 5 BTEC International Curriculum Year 12

	Subsidiary	Diploma
Year 12		
Term 1	Unit 2: Research and Plan a Marketing	Unit 2: Research and Plan a Marketing
	<u>Campaign</u>	<u>Campaign</u>
	 Explore how different markets are researched using different models and tools A1 The role of marketing A2 Market research methods A3 Business models used in marketing Explore approaches to product marketing nationally and internationally B1 Research the characteristics of a market B2 Research marketing B3 Research the application of 	 B1 Research the characteristics of a
	 Develop a plan for a marketing campaign for a new product C1 Marketing aims and objectives C2 Developing the rationale C3 The application of the marketing mix C4 The marketing campaign C5 Appropriateness of a marketing campaign 	 Develop a plan for a marketing campaign for a new product C1 Marketing aims and objectives C2 Developing the rationale C3 The application of the marketing mix C4 The marketing campaign C5 Appropriateness of a marketing campaign C6 Formal business reports
	 C6 Formal business reports 	Unit 33: Enterprise and Entrepreneurs
		 Explore the nature of enterprise A1 Enterprise and entrepreneurship A2 Mindset of the entrepreneur
		 Investigate the motivations for entrepreneurship B1 The role of motivation when starting a new venture B2 Barriers to setting up a venture B3 Importance of entrepreneurs to the economy
Term2	Unit 33: Enterprise and Entrepreneurs	Unit 33: Enterprise and Entrepreneurs (C and D)



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	Further the network of entermine	
	 Explore the nature of enterprise A1 Enterprise and entrepreneurship A2 Mindset of the entrepreneur Investigate the motivations for entrepreneurship B1 the role of motivation when starting a new venture B2 Barriers to setting up a venture B3 Importance of entrepreneurs to the economy 	 Examine the opportunities and constraints for enterprises and entrepreneurs C1 Sources of internal and external finance C2 Government support and non-governmental support C3 Competition and competitive advantage C4 External influences Examine the entrepreneurial skills required to launch an enterprise D1 Entrepreneurial skills D2 Assess potential enterprise opportunities D3 Develop the idea Unit 22: Market Research Examine the types of market research used in business A1 Purpose of market research
		 A2 Types of research A3 Appropriateness of choice of research
Term 3	Unit 33: Enterprise and Entrepreneurs	Unit 22: Market Research (B&C)
	(C and D)	
		Plan and implement a market research
	Examine the opportunities and	activity to meet a specific marketing
	constraints for enterprises and	objective
	entrepreneurs	 B1 Planning stage
	 C1 Sources of internal and 	 B2 Implementation stage
	external finance	Analyse and procent market research findings
	 C2 Government support and non- governmental support 	Analyse and present market research findings and recommend process improvements
	 C3 Competition and competitive 	 C1 Statistical analysis and
	advantage	interpretation of primary and secondary
	 C4 External influences 	research
		 C2 Presentation of research results
	Examine the entrepreneurial skills	 C3 Value of the information
	required to launch an enterprise	
	 D1 Entrepreneurial skills 	Unit 7: Business Decision Making
	 D2 Assess potential enterprise 	
	opportunities	Examine the business principles and practices
	 D3 Develop the idea 	that determine business decisions
		A1 Rusinoss ideas and objectives
		 A1 Business ideas and objectives A2 Burpase and structure of a
		 A1 Business ideas and objectives A2 Purpose and structure of a business



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 A3 Business practices and operations A4 the use of business models to aid decision making Review and interpret business data and information
 B1 Sources for data collection and their presentation B2 Techniques to analyse data effectively for business purposes
 Formulate decisions and solutions to business problems C1 Analysis and interpretation of financial projections C2 Analysis and interpretation of financial statements C3 Creation and interpretation of a break-even chart C4 Interpreting the outcome of investment appraisal
 Prepare business documents to present business decisions D1 'What if' scenarios and sensitivity analysis D2 Contingency plans D3 Use IT skills to create appropriate documentation

Key Stage 5 Business Curriculum Year 12

Key Stage 5 Business Curriculum Year 12	
Term 1 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 1 - Overarching Key Questions
 Unit 1 Marketing & People - This unit enables students to understand how businesses identify opportunities and to explore how businesses focus on developing a competitive advantage through interacting with customers. Key concepts covered: Meeting customer needs The market Marketing mix and strategy Managing people 1.5 Entrepreneurs and leaders 	 What is the distinction between mass markets and niche markets and dynamic markets? How can businesses use market research information to target market segmentation? Analyse supply and demand using YED/PED What are the benefits and limitations of using design mix and how this might change? Explain the product life cycle Boston Matrix? What is the Importance of motivation theories?
Term 2 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 2 - Overarching Key Questions
 Unit 2: Managing business activities - This unit enables students to develop an understanding of raising and managing finance and measuring business performance. It outlines the importance of using resources efficiently within a business to ensure that goods or services can be delivered effectively and efficiently, and to a high quality. Key concepts covered: 2.1 Raising finance 2.2 Financial planning and 2.3 Managing finance 2.3 Managing finance 2.4 Resource management 2.5 External influences 	 What are the different sources of finance available for growth? What are the Legal implications of liability? What are the different ways of sales forecasting purpose and the factors influencing sales forecasts? Can you calculate BEP and explain the limitations of break-even analysis? What are the different methods of production? Analyse the implications and ways of improving capacity utilisation?
 Term 3 – Topics/ Key Content Unit 3: Business decisions and strategy - Once the examination for unit 2 has been completed we will move onto unit 3. This unit moves from functions to strategy, enabling students to develop their understanding of the core concepts and to take a strategic view of business opportunities and issues. We will work to complete the below. 3.1 Business objectives and strategy 3.4 Influences on business decisions 	 Term 3 - Overarching Key Questions Which Macroeconomic variables affect business success? Explain the different areas of businesses affected by legislation?
Assessment Overview and Format: Formative assessment completed during delivery by teacher Q&A, verbal feedback and work check. Peer	Links for Home Learning/Extension Resources:



assessment techniques used to stretch students'	Course textbook, PowerPoints, activities,
knowledge and understanding. Homework set as	homework tasks, case study material, and
summative assessment used at every week to monitor	revision mind maps, past exam papers - all
students' progress and benchmark against	available on teams.
examinations.	
Mini internal exam used in Week 6 of delivery for each	
unit covering first sections. Internal formal mock exam	
held at end of unit delivery.	



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ТЕ	RM 1	
3.1 Physical Chemistry	3.2 Inorganic Chemistry	
3.1.1 Atomic structure	3.2.1 Periodicity	
3.1.2 Amount of substance	3.2.2 Group 2	
3.1.3 Bonding	3.2.3 Group 7	
3.1.4 Energetics		
3.1.5 Redox		
Exam practice and gap filling	Exam practice and gap filling	
	vision	
Preparation f	or Exams (unit 1)	
ТЕ	RM 2	
3.1 Physical Chemistry	3.3 Organic Chemistry	
3.1.6 Kinetics	3.3.1 Introduction to organic chemistry	
3.1.7 Equilibria	3.3.2 Alkanes	
	3.3.3 Halogenoalkanes	
Exam practice and gap filling	3.3.4 Alkenes	
	3.3.5 Alcohols	
	3.3.6 Organic Analysis	
	Exam practice and gap filling	
TE	RM 3	
Core	Practical	
Re	vision	
Preparation f	or Exams (unit 2)	
3.2 Inorganic Chemistry	3.1 Physical Chemistry	
3.2.4 Properties of Period 3 elements and their	3.1.8 Thermodynamics	
oxides		
Assessment Overview and Format:	Links for Home Learning/Extension Resources:	
For each topic, students will complete.	All resources will be shared with students on	
- exam question homework	TEAMS.	
- short end of unit guizzes	,	
	Physics and Maths Tutor – exam questions and revision notes	
Koy Accossments will accoss all content to the		
Key Assessments will assess all content to the	https://www.physicsandmathstutor.com/	
date of the assessment. They will have the	AQA	
format of AS papers.	https://www.aqa.org.uk/subjects/science/as-and-	
	a-level Chamanida	
	Chemguide	
	https://www.chemguide.co.uk/	

Key Stage 5 Design Technology Curriculum Year 12

Key Stage 5 Design Technology C	
Term 1 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 1 - Overarching Key Questions
Theory <i>Materials: Timber and Metal</i> Students will have a theory lesson once a week to cover the material needed for the exams at the end of year 13.	What are the performance characteristics of timers? Can you give examples of applications of timber? Describe the process for forming, redistributing and adding timbers? Can you identify suitable finishes for timbers? What are the performance characteristics of metals? Can you give examples of applications of metals? Describe the process for forming, redistributing and adding metals? Can you identify suitable finishes for metals?
different design movements and designers they need to know for their exam. They will then choose one of these for inspiration when designing and making a scale model of a chair using	How can historic designs influence current design thinking? Why is being open-minded important when analysing and interpreting another designers work? (Agile) What methods can you use to showcase fluent thinking and originality in your designs? (Creating) How can you demonstrate quality control when manufacturing a product, especially when applying speed and accuracy? (Realising)
<i>Project 2: Pewter Keyring</i> Students will develop their design skills during this project. They will understand how convert their design to a mould using CAD/CAM and will use this to cast a keyring using the metal pewter. Students will apply appropriate finishing techniques to their product.	Can you create a sophisticated product from a simple concept? Why should you develop your initial design idea during the iterative design process? (Creating) How can you use resilience to overcome problems you may face during manufacture? (Hard-working) Why is planning a significant step before manufacturing a project? (Analysing)
Term 2 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 2 - Overarching Key Questions
Theory <i>Materials: Papers & Boards and Plastic</i> Students will have a theory lesson once a week to cover the material needed for the exams at the end of year 13.	What are the performance characteristics of papers & boards? Can you give examples of applications of papers & boards? Describe the process for forming, redistributing and adding papers & boards? Can you identify suitable finishes for papers & boards? What are the performance characteristics of plastics?



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	Can you give examples of applications of plastics? Describe the process for forming, redistributing and adding plastics? Can you identify suitable finishes for plastics?
<i>Project 3: Water Bottle</i> Students will focus on how to sketch and present design work during this project. They will use Styrofoam to make a high- quality prototype of their final design. Students will also create a 3D CAD version of their design which will be 3D printed.	Does your design work tell a story? How will you use what you learnt during the previous projects to support you during this project? (Meta-thinking, Linking) Why is it important to be flexible and bend the rules when generating designs? (Creating) Why is prototyping important before making your final product? (Hard working)
Project 4: Candle Holder Students will spend time producing detailed research for this project and explore how to incorporate a theme into their design work. Students will develop their 2-point perspective drawing skills and create and acrylic candle holder using CAD/CAM which will be laser cut.	Will digital design and manufacture replace traditional methods? How does having an inquiring mind benefit the research process? (Agile) Why is so important to consider our target market in the design and development of new products? (Empathetic) What effective process for problem solving have you found? (Analysing)
Term 3 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 3 - Overarching Key Questions
 Modern & industrial scales of practice Digital design and manufacture The requirements for product design and development Health and Safety Protecting designs and intellectual property Design for manufacturing maintenance, repair and disposal Feasibility studies Enterprise and marketing in the development of products Design communication 	What are the different scales of production? How are computer systems used in production distribution and storage? What is the relationship between material cost, manufacturing processes and the scale of production How are CAD/CAM used to develop and present ideas and manufacture products? What is rapid prototyping? Why is it important to critically assess products? Why should we design inclusive products? What are ergonomics and anthropometrics and how are they used in design? Why do we use risk assessments? What does COSHH stand for and why is it important? What legislation and standards body are used to ensure safe working practices and safe products? Why are copyright, patents registered designs, trademarks and logos important to a designer? What is 'open design'



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	How can we apply the six Rs of sustainability to product design and manufacture? How can products be designed to allow for efficient manufacture and disassembly? How are feasibility studies used to assess the practicality of production? Why are marketing and branding important for a product? How are products advertised and promoted? How can you present design proposals effectively?
final grade Students need to identify a design problem and write their own design brief for this project. Once they have decided	What design problem do you want to solve? What is an iterative design process? How will you ensure you maximise the marks set out by the exam board? How can you include primary research in your NEA? Why is it important to have a client as you progress through your project? How can looking at existing products benefit your design work? What information does a design specification give us? How can you write an effective design brief? What strategies and techniques will you use to demonstrate originality and creativity on your designs? Why are annotations important in your design work? What information should be included in annotations? How can you evaluate the success of your designs?
Assessment Overview and Format:	Links for Home Learning/Extension Resources:
Final Assessment: 50% NEA – Coursework project. 50% Exam – Paper 1: Technical Principles (30%) 2 hours Paper 2: Designing and making principles (20%) 1.5 hours	All home learning is uploaded onto Showbie and Go4Schools. The work is mostly a continuation of skills and tasks we have started in lesson as this helps students retrieve the information needed in an exam. On occasions, this can be related to research for a topic, analysis of a design work piece, skill building exercises or revision for exams.
 The exams and non-exam assessment (NEA) will measure how students have achieved the following assessment objectives: AO1:Identify, investigate and outline design possibilities to address needs and wants. AO2: Design and make prototypes that are fit for purpose. AO3: Analyse and evaluate: 	



- design decisions and outcomes, including prototypes made by themselves and others
- wider issues in design and technology.
- AO4: Demonstrate and apply knowledge and understanding of:
- technical principles
- designing and making principles.



Key Stage 5 Drama Curriculum Year 12

Key Stage 5 Drama Curriculum Yo	ear 12
Acting Technique Class: From September	
onward.	
This weekly class allows students to focus on their acting technique, vocal skills, physical skills, breathing techniques and use of space. They will create and perform original pieces as well as explore published plays. Movement Technique Class: From	How does breathing help to support the voice when performing?
September Onwards	
Students will focus on movement, stage presence and different forms of dance and physical theatre within this unit of work. Term 1 & 2 – Topics/ Key Content	Why is dance and movement important for an actor? Term 1 - Overarching Key Questions
Module A1: Exploring Performance Styles Students will take participate in a range of master classes, workshops, practitioner studies and technique classes to explore a wide range of performance styles. These workshops and classes are led both by teachers and external, professional practitioners. For their assessment, students then choose two contrasting performance styles to present to an audience. Module F16: Planning a Career in the industry	How have you been influenced by theatre practitioners in your piece?
industry. Unit F allows the students to understand the development of the performing arts industry in relation to 3 specific areas within of performance. They will consider how technological and sociological changes and advancements have had an effect on their chosen specialisms and how they are consumed.	How has the events of the last year effected your chosen specialism and the way it is consumed?

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Term 2 & 3 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 2 - Overarching Key Questions
Unit G18: Personal Project (Diploma Only) Students will devise and develop a personal performing arts project around a chosen theme. This unit allows students to consider the planning, organisation and innovation necessary to create a successful performance for an audience. The final completed work could include workshop plans, a performance showreel	What different elements of design, performance, and production do you need to consider to ensure your project is a success.
or a live performance. Assessment Overview and Format:	Links for Home Learning/Extension Resources:
Unit A1 is an assignment that is set by Pearson. It is a practical assignment, followed by a review of the performance and rehearsal process.	 The Frantic Assembly book of Devising Theatre by Scott Graham <u>https://www.digitaltheatreplus.com/education</u> Stanislavski – An Actor Prepares
Unit F16 is a research-based assignment, however, it can be submitted as a presentation, a written report, or a vlog, for example.	

Key Stage 5 Drama Curriculum Year 12

Term 1 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 1 - Overarching Key Questions
Unit 1: Markets in action This unit gives students an introduction to the nature of economics and examines how the price mechanism allocates resources in local, national, and global markets. Students will learn to apply supply and demand analysis to real-world situations and will be able to suggest reasons for consumer behaviour. This will involve looking at how consumers act in a rational way to maximise utility and how firms maximise profit but also why consumers may not behave rationally. Key concepts covered; 1.1 Nature of Economics 1.2 How markets work 1.3 Market failure 1.4 Government intervention	 Label and the use of production possibility frontiers Can you distinguish between Specialisation and the division of labour? What are the reasons why consumers
Term 2 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 2 - Overarching Key Questions
Unit 2: Macroeconomic performance and policy This unit introduces the key measures of economic performance and the main objectives and instruments of economic policy in an international context. Students will learn how to use a basic AD/AS model to analyse changes in real output and the price level. Students will look at when demand and/or supply-side policies may be appropriate ways of improving an economy's performance. Key concepts covered; 2.1 Quantitative methods 2.1 Measures of economic performance 2.2 Aggregate demand (AD) 2.3 Aggregate supply (AS) 2.4 National income 2.6 Macroeconomic objectives and policies	
Term 3 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 3 - Overarching Key Questions
Unit 3: Business behaviour Once the examination for unit 2 has been completed we will move on to unit 3. This unit develops the content of Unit 1 and examines how pricing and the nature of competition	 What factors could cause economic growth? Reasons why some firms tend to remain small and why others grow? What are the reasons for demergers?



between firms are affected by the number and	
size of market participants. At the end of this	
unit, students should be able to analyse and	
evaluate the pricing and output decisions of	
firms in different contexts and understand the	
role of competition in business decision-making.	
They should also be capable of making an	
appraisal of government intervention aimed at	
promoting competitive markets. We will work to	
complete the below.	
3.1 Business Growth	
Assessment Overview and Format:	Links for Home Learning/Extension Resources:
Formative assessment completed during delivery	
by teacher Q&A, verbal feedback, and work	homework tasks, case study material, and revision
by teacher Q&A, verbal feedback, and work check. Peer assessment techniques used to	
by teacher Q&A, verbal feedback, and work check. Peer assessment techniques used to stretch students' knowledge and	homework tasks, case study material, and revision
by teacher Q&A, verbal feedback, and work check. Peer assessment techniques used to	homework tasks, case study material, and revision mind maps, past exam papers - all available on
by teacher Q&A, verbal feedback, and work check. Peer assessment techniques used to stretch students' knowledge and understanding. Homework is set as summative assessment used at every week to monitor	homework tasks, case study material, and revision mind maps, past exam papers - all available on
by teacher Q&A, verbal feedback, and work check. Peer assessment techniques used to stretch students' knowledge and understanding. Homework is set as summative	homework tasks, case study material, and revision mind maps, past exam papers - all available on
by teacher Q&A, verbal feedback, and work check. Peer assessment techniques used to stretch students' knowledge and understanding. Homework is set as summative assessment used at every week to monitor	homework tasks, case study material, and revision mind maps, past exam papers - all available on
by teacher Q&A, verbal feedback, and work check. Peer assessment techniques used to stretch students' knowledge and understanding. Homework is set as summative assessment used at every week to monitor students' progress and benchmark against examinations. The mini internal exam used in Week 6 of	homework tasks, case study material, and revision mind maps, past exam papers - all available on
by teacher Q&A, verbal feedback, and work check. Peer assessment techniques used to stretch students' knowledge and understanding. Homework is set as summative assessment used at every week to monitor students' progress and benchmark against examinations. The mini internal exam used in Week 6 of delivery for each unit covering first sections.	homework tasks, case study material, and revision mind maps, past exam papers - all available on
by teacher Q&A, verbal feedback, and work check. Peer assessment techniques used to stretch students' knowledge and understanding. Homework is set as summative assessment used at every week to monitor students' progress and benchmark against examinations. The mini internal exam used in Week 6 of delivery for each unit covering first sections. Internal formal mock exam held at end of unit	homework tasks, case study material, and revision mind maps, past exam papers - all available on
by teacher Q&A, verbal feedback, and work check. Peer assessment techniques used to stretch students' knowledge and understanding. Homework is set as summative assessment used at every week to monitor students' progress and benchmark against examinations. The mini internal exam used in Week 6 of delivery for each unit covering first sections.	homework tasks, case study material, and revision mind maps, past exam papers - all available on

Key Stage 5 Economic Curriculum Year 12

Key Stage 5 Economic Curriculum Year	12
Term 1 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 1 - Overarching Key Questions
Unit 1: Markets in action This unit gives students an introduction to the nature of economics and examines how the price mechanism allocates resources in local, national, and global markets. Students will learn to apply supply and demand analysis to real-world situations and will be able to suggest reasons for consumer behaviour. This will involve looking at how consumers act in a rational way to maximise utility and how firms maximise profit but also why consumers may not behave rationally. Key concepts covered; 1.1 Nature of Economics 1.2 How markets work 1.3 Market failure 1.4 Government intervention	 Label and the use of production possibility frontiers Can you distinguish between Specialisation and the division of labour? What are the reasons why consumers
Term 2 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 2 - Overarching Key Questions
Unit 2: Macroeconomic performance and policy This unit introduces the key measures of economic performance and the main objectives and instruments of economic policy in an international context. Students will learn how to use a basic AD/AS model to analyse changes in real output and the price level. Students will look at when demand and/or supply side policies may be appropriate ways of improving an economy's performance. Key concepts covered; 2.1 Quantitative methods 2.1 Measures of economic performance 2.2 Aggregate demand (AD) 2.3 Aggregate supply (AS) 2.4 National income 2.6 Macroeconomic objectives and policies	· · ·
Term 3 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 3 - Overarching Key Questions
Unit 3: Business behaviour Once the examination for unit 2 has been completed we will move onto unit 3. This unit	 What factors which could cause economic growth? Reasons why some firms tend to remain small and why others grow?

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develops the content of Unit 1 and examines how pricing and the nature of competition between firms is affected by the number and size of market participants. At the end of this unit, students should be able to analyse and evaluate the pricing and output decisions of firms in different contexts and understand the role of competition in business decision-making. They should also be capable of making an appraisal of government intervention aimed at promoting competitive markets. We will work to complete the below. 3.1 Business Growth	• What are the reasons for demergers?
Assessment Overview and Format:	Links for Home Learning/Extension Resources:
Formative assessment completed during delivery by teacher Q&A, verbal feedback and work check. Peer assessment techniques used to	Course textbook, PowerPoints, activities, homework tasks, case study material, and revision mind maps, past exam papers - all available on teams.

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Key Stage 5 English Language Curriculum Year 12

Key Stage 5 English Language Curriculun	n Year 12
Term 1 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 1 - Overarching Key Questions
AS Unit One: Language and Context	Is individual language use as unique as a fingerprint?
 Section A: Understanding texts Understanding context: audience, purpose, genre, and mode. Students will be introduced to the six frameworks of linguistic study: lexis, grammar, pragmatics, phonetics, graphology, and discourse. This will be done through the study of a range of fiction and non-fiction texts. Pupils will sit a short baseline assessment at the end of this topic. Section B: Directed writing Writing to a specific brief, involving the transformation of some or all of the material in Section A in order to create a new text. 	What factors affect our language use? What are the linguistic frameworks and why are they important? When is what we say different from what we mean? How do our lexical choices affect the way we present ideas? Why does grammar matter? How do writers use language to create meanings and representations? How have contextual factors influenced the producer's language? What are the similarities and differences between texts? What linguistic terminology can we apply to our analysis?
Term 2 and Term 3 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 2 - Overarching Key Questions
AS Unit 2: Language and society Section A: Language and social groups: texts Understanding the ways in which people use language to express identities, construct and maintain relationships, mark group membership, claim power and status, and play and entertain themselves and others.	To what extent do men speak differently to women? How does your accent affect the way that people view you? Is some language better than others? How does slang change and why do people use slang?
Section B: Language and social groups: writing Developing the skills of academic argument in written language.	
Assessment Overview and Format:	Links for Home Learning/Extension Resources:
Students will complete a timed response for each teacher at least once a month. In addition, there will be an assessed piece each half term.	Students should be revisiting their notes outside of the classroom to consolidate their learning. Furthermore, it is recommended that



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	they engage in wider reading of academic
As the AS course is modular, students can sit the	journals related to the topics of study using
external AS exams in January and June.	https://www.jstor.org

Key Stage 5 English Literature Curriculum Year 12

Key Stage 5 English Literature Curriculur	n Year 12
Term 1 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 1 - Overarching Key Questions
AS Unit One: Language and Context Section A: Understanding texts Understanding context: audience, purpose, genre, and mode. Students will be introduced to the six frameworks of linguistic study: lexis, grammar, pragmatics, phonetics, graphology, and discourse. This will be done through the study of a range of fiction and non-fiction texts. Pupils will sit a short baseline assessment at the end of this topic. Section B: Directed writing Writing to a specific brief, involving the transformation of some or all of the material in Section A in order to create a new text.	Is individual language use as unique as a fingerprint? What factors affect our language use? What are the linguistic frameworks and why are they important? When is what we say different from what we mean? How do our lexical choices affect the way we present ideas? Why does grammar matter? How do writers use language to create meanings and representations? How have contextual factors influenced the producer's language? What are the similarities and differences between texts? What linguistic terminology can we apply to our analysis?
Term 2 and Term 3 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 2 - Overarching Key Questions
AS Unit 2: Language and society Section A: Language and social groups: texts Understanding the ways in which people use language to: express identities, construct and maintain relationships, mark group membership, claim power and status, and play and entertain themselves and others. Section B: Language and social groups: writing Developing the skills of academic argument in written language.	To what extent do men speak differently to women? How does your accent affect the way that people view you? Is some language better than others? How does slang change and why do people use slang?
Assessment Overview and Format:	Links for Home Learning/Extension Resources:
Students will complete a timed response for each teacher at least once a month. In addition, there will be an assessed piece each half term.	Students should be revisiting their notes outside of the classroom to consolidate their learning. Furthermore, it is recommended that they engage in wider reading of academic



As the AS course is modular, students can sit the	journals related to the topics of study using
external AS exams in January and June.	https://www.jstor.org

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Term 1 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 1 - Overarching Key Questions
The course is taught by two teachers who each	
cover different topics from the specification.	
Unit 1, Section A: Elizabethan and Jacobean tragedy William Shakespeare – Othello	How is love presented in 'Othello'?
Students will explore the play 'Othello', focusing on how Shakespeare uses language, structure and form to present love and relationships. They will also focus on characterisation and how the themes of the play are conveyed.	To what extent is Othello a tragic hero? How does Shakespeare use language, structure and form to present relationships? How has Othello been influenced by its context?
Unit 1, Section B: Later dramatic	
tragedies	
Tennessee Williams - A Streetcar Named Desire	How does Williams present characters and their relationships? What methods does he use to
Students will read and study the play 'A Streetcar	present these ideas?
Named Desire' focusing on how characters are	How has the play been affected by its
presented. They will look closely at Williams'	context?
writing style and consider what makes it so unique.	
Term 2 & 3 –Topics/ Key Content	Term 2 - Overarching Key Questions
Unit 2, Section A: Prose - F. Scott Fitzgerald - The Great Gatsby	
Students will study F. Scott Fitzgerald's 'The Great	How does Fitzgerald present key themes in 'The Great Gatsby'?
Gatsby.' They will focus, in particular, on	To what extent are the relationships in the
Fitzgerald's language, structure and presentation of key themes; they will also consider how contextual	novel doomed?
factors may have impacted Fitzgerald's choices.	What point(s) may Fitzgerald be trying to make about 1920s America?
Unit 2, Section B: Poetry: Seamus Heaney selection	
Students will read a collection of poems by Seamus	How does Heaney use linguistic devices to
Heaney. They will analyse his linguistic choices and	create a poetic voice? What are the key themes explored by
evaluate how these choices help to create a strong poetic voice.	What are the key themes explored by Heaney?
Assessment Overview and Format:	Links for Home Learning/Extension
	Resources:



Students will complete a timed response for each teacher at least once a month. In addition, there will be an assessed piece each half term.

As the AS course is modular, students can sit the external AS exams in January and June.

Students will be given critical reading and study guides for their set texts. Students must engage in independent critical reading around the texts. They should also be adding to their annotations outside of the classroom.



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Key Stage 5 Geography Curriculum Year 12	
Term 1 – Topics/ Key Content Students will study a Core Human Geography and Core Physical Geography unit concurrently. Each unit will have a 6- 8-week duration.	Term 1 - Overarching Key Questions
Core Physical: Geography Hydrology and fluvial geomorphology	 What is the drainage basin system? What are discharge relationships within drainage basins? Analysing river channel processes and landforms Investigating human impacts
Core Human: Settlement dynamics	 Investigating Changes in rural settlements Analysing Urban trends and issues of urbanization Analysing the changing structure of urban settlements How are urban settlements being managed?
Term 2 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 2 - Overarching Key Questions
Core Human:	
Population	 Investigating Natural increase as a component of population change Analysing Demographic transition Investigating Population–resource relationships How is natural increase managed? Investigating Plate tectonics
Core Physical Rocks and weathering	 Investigating weathering and slope processes What are the human impacts?
Term 3 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 3 - Overarching Key Questions
Core Human: Migration	 Investigating Migration as a component of population change Analysing Internal and International migration How is international migration managed?
Core Physical: Atmosphere and weather	 What are Diurnal and Global energy budgets? Investigating Weather processes and phenomena What are the human impacts?



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(IA Level unit, to be completed in Year 13)	 Investigating Sustainable energy supplies
Advanced Human:	 How are energy supplies managed?
Environmental Management	 Analysing environmental degradation
	 Investigating the management of a degraded
	environment
	Investigating Hazards resulting from tectonic
	processes
Advanced Physical:	
Hazardous environments	 Analysing Hazards resulting from mass
	movements
	 Analysing Hazards resulting from atmospheric
	disturbances
	ustubulees
	 Investigating Sustainable management in
	hazardous environments
Assessment Overview and Format:	Links for Home Learning/Extension Resources:
In June students will sit their IAS Level	Students will be issued a copy of the Cambridge
Geography exam. Each unit has an	International Examination IA Level Geography textbook.
examination of 1 hour and 30 minutes.	
	This is an essential website, which gives you the
Once the examination has been	specification.
completed, students will continue to	https://www.cambridgeinternational.org/programmes-
follow the IA Level programme.	and-qualifications/cambridge-international-as-and-a- level-geography-9696/
During the year, students will be assessed	
informally through discussion,	Useful websites for revision and exam practice
completion of past paper questions, and	
verbal feedback. Formal summative	https://www.theguardian.com/uk
assessments will take place every half	http://www.nationalgeographic.com/
term, with a mock examination, at the	
end of each unit.	The school subscribes to two online magazines. Use these
	resources which are free and you would otherwise have
	to pay for!
	Geographical Magazine
	https://login.exacteditions.com/login.do
	username: <u>r.madaser_wek@gemsedu.com</u>
	password: exactly
	Wide World Magazine – Hodder
	Username 35496140
	Password erteach
	Centre ID 354961
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erm 1 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 1 - Overarching Key Questions
Revolution and Dictatorship: Russia 1917-	
1953	 What was Russia like before 1917?
	• What caused the February revolution?
*This year, both Year 12 and Year 13 will	What changed between February and
study this Revolution and Dictatorship:	October?
Russia, 1917-1953 course. Year 12 will	Was the October revolution a revolution or a
study Stuart Britain and the Crisis of	Bolshevik coup d'etat?
Monarchy 1603-1702 next year. Last year	 How was the revolution consolidated?
ve started with the Stuarts course.	 Reds v Whites! Who will win?
	 How did the Bolsheviks deal with early
The Rise of Stalin 1917-1929	economic problems?
	What was the impact of the foreign powers on
	the Soviet takeover?
	 How was Lenin's death used as in the balance
	of power
	 Who were the candidates to take over from Lenin?
	What was the NEP?
	How did Stalin manipulate governmental and
	political control?
	What was the Stalinist cult?
Stalin's rule 1929-1941	
	 How did Stalin change the countryside?
	 What was the impact of Collectivisation?
	 What was the impact of conectivisation: What were the problems within industry and
	how did Stalin change this?
	U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U
	What were the five-year plans?
	How effective were the five-year plans?
talinian ralities and control 1020 1041	How did the Stalinist cult develop?
Stalinism: politics and control 1929-1941	
	How did Stalin organise the Soviet Union?
	 What was the role of the NKVD?
	 How did Stalin purge the Soviet Union?
	 What was the mysterious case of Sergey Kirov?
	 What was the Yezhovshchina?
	 How did Stalin control religion and the Church? How did Stalin change the lives of women?
	How did Stalin change the lives of women?
	How did Stalin change the lives of young men?
	How did Stalin change the lives of young
	people?
	How did Leninism and Stalinism compare?
	 What was Stalin's foreign policy?
	- · ·
	• Was the Nazi-Soviet pact just an agreement to
Term 2 – Topics/ Key Content	



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The (Creat Detrictic Mar' and the	What was Operation Darkersons?
The 'Great Patriotic War' and the emergence of the Soviet Union as a	What was Operation Barbarossa?How did Leningrad change the war and change
Superpower	the Soviet Union?
	How did Stalin beat Hitler?
	 How did the economy and agriculture change in
	the post war world?
	What was 'High Stalinism'?
	 How did the USSR emerge as a world
	Superpower?
	How did Stalin draw an Iron Curtain across
	Europe?
	• Why did the Cold War develop between 1945-
	53?
A Level coursework: Civil War to Civil	Why do Russians consider the greatest mass
Rights: The struggle for Civil Rights for	murderer in human history as the greatest Russian
Black Americans 1863-1968	leader?
	How did Lincoln reconstruct America?
	What was the reaction of Congress to
	reconstruction?
	• What were the 'Black Codes'?
	What were the problems faced by Black
	Americans 1880-1920?
	• Who were the early Civil Rights pioneers?
	• How significant was Plessy v Ferguson?
	 What was the 'Great Migration'?
	What did Black Americans get out of World War
	l?
	 How did the Great Migration transform
	American culture?
	 What was life like in the inter war years?
Term 3 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 3 - Overarching Key Questions
Term 3 – Topics/ Key Content Coursework on America: Civil Wars to Civil Rights 1863-1968	
Coursework on America: Civil Wars to Civil	What was the Double V campaign?
Coursework on America: Civil Wars to Civil	What was the Double V campaign?Did the Civil Rights movement begin with
Coursework on America: Civil Wars to Civil	 What was the Double V campaign? Did the Civil Rights movement begin with Truman?
Coursework on America: Civil Wars to Civil	 What was the Double V campaign? Did the Civil Rights movement begin with Truman? How significant was Brown v Board of Topeka?
Coursework on America: Civil Wars to Civil	 What was the Double V campaign? Did the Civil Rights movement begin with Truman? How significant was Brown v Board of Topeka? How planned was the Montgomery Bus
Coursework on America: Civil Wars to Civil	 What was the Double V campaign? Did the Civil Rights movement begin with Truman? How significant was Brown v Board of Topeka? How planned was the Montgomery Bus Boycott?
Coursework on America: Civil Wars to Civil	 What was the Double V campaign? Did the Civil Rights movement begin with Truman? How significant was Brown v Board of Topeka? How planned was the Montgomery Bus Boycott? How did the federal government intervene
Coursework on America: Civil Wars to Civil	 What was the Double V campaign? Did the Civil Rights movement begin with Truman? How significant was Brown v Board of Topeka? How planned was the Montgomery Bus Boycott? How did the federal government intervene 1957-1964?
Coursework on America: Civil Wars to Civil	 What was the Double V campaign? Did the Civil Rights movement begin with Truman? How significant was Brown v Board of Topeka? How planned was the Montgomery Bus Boycott? How did the federal government intervene 1957-1964? What was the 1964 Civil Rights Act? What was the impact of the SNCC and NAACP
Coursework on America: Civil Wars to Civil	 What was the Double V campaign? Did the Civil Rights movement begin with Truman? How significant was Brown v Board of Topeka? How planned was the Montgomery Bus Boycott? How did the federal government intervene 1957-1964? What was the 1964 Civil Rights Act? What was the impact of the SNCC and NAACP until 1968? Who were the heroes of Selma?
Coursework on America: Civil Wars to Civil	 What was the Double V campaign? Did the Civil Rights movement begin with Truman? How significant was Brown v Board of Topeka? How planned was the Montgomery Bus Boycott? How did the federal government intervene 1957-1964? What was the 1964 Civil Rights Act? What was the impact of the SNCC and NAACP until 1968? Who were the heroes of Selma?
Coursework on America: Civil Wars to Civil	 What was the Double V campaign? Did the Civil Rights movement begin with Truman? How significant was Brown v Board of Topeka? How planned was the Montgomery Bus Boycott? How did the federal government intervene 1957-1964? What was the 1964 Civil Rights Act? What was the impact of the SNCC and NAACP until 1968? Who were the heroes of Selma? How significant was the Voting Rights Act?

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	 Why was Martin Luther King killed and what was his legacy?
Assessment Overview and Format:	Links for Home Learning/Extension Resources:
across the year and do essays and source questions that match the format and style that they will experience in the final exams.	All lessons will be on TEAMS. All coursework reading material will be on TEAMS too to be used from when we start the coursework. Also, the library will be stocked with plenty of reading material relating to Stalinist Russia and also the struggle for Black Americans from 1863-1968.



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Term 1 - Overarching Key Questions
Is there more to I.T than just computers and laptops?
 How big of a role does I.T really play in businesses?
• Are we so used to the technology we take for granted today, that we forgot how reliant our businesses are on it?
Term 2 & 3- Overarching Key Questions
 Is social media the success story behind a lot of the modern businesses today?
 Is there more to social media than simply communicating with our friends & family? Can social media be used to montize up and coming businesses?



Assessment Overview and Format:

UNIT 1 ASSIGNMENT: Students will be allocated a business and a case study. They will then be asked to implement all the delivered theory into a series of reports for the business. The fundamental goal here is for them to understand how I.T can be used in a personal and a professional capacity, as well as the implications that come with it.

UNIT 3 ASSIGNMENT 1: Once again, students will be allocated a business and a case study. They will then be asked to present a presentation that explores the impact of social media on the ways in which businesses promote their products and services.

UNIT 3 ASSIGNMENT 2: Following on from the first assignment of this unit (Presentation), the students will be asked to create a social media campaign for a business that will be provided to them in the assignment case study. This social media campaign will consist of them Developing a plan to use social media in a business to meet requirements, and then Implementing that plan into the use of social media in a business.

Links for Home Learning/Extension Resources:

- Documentary on Netflix 'The Social Dilemma'
- <u>The use of it Business Case Studies</u>
- <u>The Importance of Information Technology In</u> <u>Business Today - Business 2 Community</u>

Key Stage 5 Islamic Curriculum Year 12

Key Stage 5 Islamic Curriculum Year .	
Term 1 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 1 - Overarching Key Questions
 Surah Al Ahzab (Steadfastness to the truth (Ayah 1-8) Aql and Naql (Reason and Revelation) Aspects of Prophet's mercifulness Equity in Islam Authentic, Good and weak Hadith The prohibited degree of female relationship. 	 Can you interpret verses 1-8 of Surah Al Ahzab? Differentiate between Tawakkul and Tawakul. What are the rules of Shariah regarding adopted children? How would you prove the relationship between reason and revelation? How did Prophet PBUH show mercy to his family, friends and animals? How would you evaluate the methodology followed by the Prophet PBUH? How would you differentiate between weak and authentic Hadith?
Term 2 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 2 - Overarching Key Questions
 Surah Al Ahzab Ayah 28-35 Ethical advice and instructions The methodology of Islam in family building Shura (Consultation) in Islam Financial Contracts in Islam Source of Islamic Sharia Abstinence Planning milestones in the Seerah of Prophet Muhammad PBUH 	 How would you analyse the ethical advice mentioned in Surah Ahzab? How does Islam emphasise family building? Can you explain the aspects of care for family in Islam? Can you explain the sources of Islamic Shariah? How would you prove the importance of Shura from Qur'an and Hadith? Would you give evidence from Qur'an and Hadith for the family building in Islam? Why does Islam emphasize on Shura? Can you discover the efforts exerted by the UAE in the field of sustainability? Differentiate between various types of financial contracts in Is What are the sources of Islamic Shariah? Differentiate between primary and secondary sources of Shariah.
Term 3 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 3 - Overarching Key Questions
• Surah Al Ahzab (36-48) Allah's Messenger, the Seal of Prophets	 How would prove that the Prophet Muhammad PBUH is the seal of Prophets?





 The Ruling and etiquette specific to the Prophet's House (Surah Al-Ahzab 49-56) Methodology of Thinking in Islam Equity in Islam 	 What are the etiquettes of entering the house of Prophet Muhammad PBUH? Why does Islam promote critical thinking? How would you demonstrate the need of commitment to the characteristic of equity in speech and action? How would you explain the following domains of equity? Man being equitable to himself Equity towards relatives Equity in work Equity in society Describe the effect of equity on society.
Assessment Overview and Format: Students will have 3 key assessments throughout the year. Students will be judged on the following criteria Qur'an recitation Qur'an memorisation Written Assessment Home learning/notebooks	Links for Home Learning/Extension Resources: www.awqaf.gov.ae www.quranexplorer.com www.iacad.gov.ae www.quran.com www.islamreligion.com http://harunyahya.com https://scholar.google.ae http://www.sultan.org https://sunnah.com

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associated with different media forms communicate

How are the combination of elements of media

How do audiences respond to and interpret media

multiple meanings?

language?

language influence meaning?

Key Stage 5 Media Curriculum Year 12 Term 1 – Topics/ Key Content Term 1 - Overarching Key Questions Media language How are the different modes and language

Semiotics including Barthes.

- Sign
- Signifier
- Signified
- lcon
- Index
- Symbol
- Denotation
- Connotation
- Mvth
- Ideology •

Students to engage with a number of media products and identify media language use, genre codes, narrative devices in a relatively informal way.

Genre theory

Narratology

Media representation

Development of analysis to include representational ideas from Hall and Gauntlett.

Theories of representation

- Hall's ideas and theories on representation
 - Encoding/decoding

Theories of identity as summarized by Gauntlett

- Fluidity of identity •
- Constructed identity •
- Negotiated identity
- Collective identity

Theories of representation

- Positive and negative stereotypes •
- Countertypes
- Misrepresentation
- Selective representation •
- Dominant ideology •
- Constructed reality
- Audience positioning

Hall's ideas and theories on representation

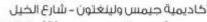
Encoding/decoding •

How are events, issues, individuals (including selfrepresentation) and social groups (including social identity) are represented through processes of selection and combination?

How are media products encoded by producers using media language?

How are products designed to be decoded by the target audience?

How do media producers target, attract, reach, address and potentially construct audiences?





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 Media effects including Bandura Uses and gratifications Hypodermic needle theory Moral panic Imitation Cumulation Media literacy Reception theory including Hall Encoding/decoding Hegemonic/negotiated/oppositional 	How do audiences use media in different ways, reflecting demographic factors as well as aspects of identity and cultural capital? How do audience interpretations reflect social, historical and cultural circumstances?
 Agenda setting Framing Myth making Conditions of consumption Media industries Processes of production, distribution and circulation by organisations, groups, and	
individuals in a global context. Power and media industries as summarised by Curran and Seaton • Regulation • De-regulation • Free market • Media concentration • Public Service Broadcasting (PSB) • Globalisation • Conglomerates • Neo-liberalism • Surveillance • Privacy • Security	How have the various media industries had to adapt to the changing climate of technology and globalisation?
Regulation as summarized by Livingstoneand Lunt• Public sphere• Governance• Regulation• Public interest/PSB• Media literacy• Power• Value• Transnational culture• Globalisation.	The changing social values of society have led to media companies having to change the ways they address their audiences. How do the chosen CSP products reflect this change and how do they show evidence of social context?
Term 2 – Topics/ Key Content Advertising and Marketing	Term 2 - Overarching Key Questions

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These are targeted CSPs and need to be studied with reference to two elements of the theoretical framework (media language and media representation) and all relevant contexts.

- Maybelline *That Boss Life part 1* Manny Guitterez (online ad)
- Score hair cream print advert *Get* what you always wanted (1970s)

Media Language

Detailed study of the Maybelline *That Boss Life* should enable students to develop an understanding of how conventions of advertising are socially and historically relative, dynamic and can be used in a hybrid way.

Score advert

Media language

Detailed study of Score *Get what you always wanted* should enable students to develop an understanding of the dynamic and changing relationships between media forms, products and audiences

Techniques of Persuasion Historical, social and cultural contexts

Television

This is an in-depth CSP and needs to be studied with reference to all four elements of the theoretical framework (language, representation, industries and audience) and all relevant contexts. Either *Capital* (Series 1, Episode 1) and

Deutschland 83 (Series 1, Episode 1) and Or

Witnesses (Series 1, Episode 1) and The Missing (Series2 Episode 1)) Or

No Offence (Series 1, Episode 1) and *The Killing* (Series 1, Episode 1) Two set products

Magazines

• How does the Maybelline advert position its audience?

• How does the Maybelline advert construct a narrative that appeals to its target audience?

• How does the advert attract a range of responses and interpretations?

• How does this advert create desire for the product?

• How does *Score* construct a narrative that appeals to its target audience?

How and why have audience responses to the narrative to this advert changed over time?
How does this advert create desire for the

product?

• How does the production, distribution and exhibition of the product that shows how audiences can be reached, both on a national and global scale, through different media technologies by broadcast and digital technologies?

• Analyse the way in which different audience interpretations reflect social, cultural and historical circumstances is evident in the analysis of the series which are explicitly linked to contemporary issues.

This is an in-depth CSP and needs to be studied with reference to all four elements of Consider the way the front cover creates a the theoretical framework and all relevant narrative about character and lifestyle in order to contexts. attract an audience. How do cover stories create enigma and Men's Health magazine, Jan/Feb 2017 anticipation for the reader – to be fulfilled by reading on? Can you apply Structuralism including Lévi-Oh Comely (issue 35) • Strauss? Social and cultural contexts Can you apply Narratology including Todorov? Oh, Comely is part of a development in lifestyle and environmental movements of the early twenty first century, which rebrand consumerism as an ethical movement. Its representation of femininity reflects an aspect of the feminist movement which celebrates authenticity and empowerment. Term 3 – Topics/ Key Content Term 3 - Overarching Key Questions Video games Analyse how the semiotics of the visual style engages These are in-depth CSPs and needs to be with the study of genre and narrative with the misestudied with reference to all four elements of en-scene of the game – apparent in the gameplay the theoretical framework and all relevant and the cover artwork – referencing sci-fi, fantasy contexts. and action adventure as well as the conventions of different types of game play. Tomb Raider Anniversary (2007) How have these products been created to be Extracts can be accessed online. decoded by their target audiences? Sims Freeplay Metroid Prime 2 Echoes Tomb Raider The study focuses on: the game the game covers. • The NEA briefs will be released on 1 June. The main focus of the second half of this term will be on the NEA. The final half term needs to focus on the application of the theoretical framework using both targeted and in-depth CSPs. Students will need to present their knowledge and understanding in the completion of a mock



exam which may include unseen media products	
Assessment Overview and Format:	Links for Home Learning/Extension Resources:
At the end of each CSP and media concept,	All resources including lesson slides, writing frames, media examples, and the content will be available on Microsoft Teams.
ability of the students.	The year textbooks will be made available to all students.

Key Stage 5 Moral Social and Cultural Studies Curriculum Year 12

	Term 1 - Overarching Key Questions
Objectives	
Peace and Conflict Studies	
	- What is Conflict and How Can Conflicts be Resolved?
 Explain what conflict is and give an 	- How Can We Make Conflict Resolution Work?
account of different ways of responding	- What is War and What are the Causes of War?
when they find themselves in conflict with	- Is There Such a Thing as a 'Just War'?
another person/other people.	 What is the Role of International Organisations in
- Discuss the notion of 'non-violence' and	Peacekeeping?
its relevance in the contemporary world.	- What is the Nature of Peace and Non-violence
- Give an account of the main causes of	Traditions?
conflict and war.	
- Know what criteria to apply to evaluate	
whether a specific, imminent or ongoing	
war between states is a 'just war' or not.	
,	
Reflection and Transition	
	- What is Meant by the Term 'Reflection'?
- Confidently self-evaluate in order to	- What is Meant by the Terms 'Goals and Ambitions'?
	- What are Key Employability Skills: 'Organisation,
development.	Teamwork, and Negotiation'?
- Articulate to a range of audiences what	- What is Meant by the Terms 'Leadership and
their goals and ambitions are and how they	
hope to achieve them.	- What is a Good Way to Prepare for an Interview and
- Acquire knowledge of a range of different	
career paths, which will enable them to	- What is the Best Way to Present Your Skills,
make informed decisions about their	Knowledge, and Experience?
future.	
- Effectively prepare for an interview and	
deliver an engaging presentation	
- Create a record of their achievements as a	
way of showcasing their skills, knowledge	
and experience.	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Term 2 - Overarching Key Questions
Objectives	
Universal Culture	- What Is Meant by the Term 'Universal Culture'?
	- What Are the Key Concepts of 'Universal Culture'?
- Debate the extent to which there is a	- How Do Values and Ethical Issues Vary from Different
'universal culture'.	Cultural Perspectives?
- Explain some key underpinning concepts	- How Have Global Media, Social Media and
of universal culture.	Information Communication Technology Affected
- Analyse and discuss the notion of	Different Cultures?
culturally determined moral relativity.	- How Have Tourism and Migration Affected Culture
- Analyse and evaluate the impact of a	Globally?
range of factors on cultural developments	- How Does the UAE Exhibit the Core Values and Beliefs
globally.	of 'Universal Culture
<u>Global Citizenship (Part 1)</u>	- What is 'Citizenship'?



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common humanity, sharing values and responsibilities. -Show empathy, solidarity and respect for differences and diversity.	 What is 'Global Citizenship'? What is 'Governance'? Looking Outward: What is the Significance of Regional Governance Structures? What is the Significance of Global Governance Structures? How do International Judicial Structures and Processes Work? How are We Interconnected Through the 'Global Commons'?
Term 3 – Topics/ Key Content/Lesson	Term 3 - Overarching Key Questions
Objectives	
 Global Citizenship (Part 2) Know how to participate in, and contribute to, debates on contemporary global issues at local, national, and global levels as informed, engaged, responsible, and responsive global citizens. Have further insights into the challenges and opportunities of living in an increasingly interconnected and diverse world. Develop and apply values, attitudes and skills to manage and engage with diverse groups and perspectives. Critically reflect on what it means to be a member of the global community and how to respond to common problems and issues. 	 What Are the Significant Global Issues of Our Time? What are the Challenges to Global Citizenship and Peace? What Does It Mean to be an Empathic, Compassionate, Engaged Global Citizen? How Can Global Citizens Debate, Make Decisions About and Act to Promote Social Justice How Can Global Citizens Debate, Make Decisions About and Act to Promote Environmental Justice?
 Developing a Global Outlook Develop a 'global outlook' or 'global mindset'. Become aware of and understand the global, social and political relationships in which they find themselves. Articulate and enact their rights and responsibilities as inhabitants of an interdependent world. Critically analyse what changes would be necessary to achieve a just and sustainable world. 	 What Is A 'Global Outlook'? What Is Meant by 'Becoming a Global Citizen'? Why Do We Need to Understand Diversity? Who Are The 'Digital Youth'? How Do We Participate in a Knowledge Society and Knowledge Economy? What Is It Meant by 'Working for Common Good'?
Assessment Overview and Format:	Links for Home Learning/Extension Resources:
Students will have summative assessment throughout the year. This may be in the	Students will need to prepare at home for their assessments and they can revise the Moral Education



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form of key word tests or short essay style curriculum by using their notebook and class questions. resources.

Key Stage 5 Nutrition & food science Curriculum Year 12

7 0	Key Stage 5 Nutrition & food science Curriculum Year 12	
Term 1 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 1 - Overarching Key Questions	
AS1: Principles of Nutrition		
	What are the functions of protein?	
Protein	Identify plant, animal and novel sources of protein?	
	What are dispensable and indispensable amino acids,	
	complementary value, biological value?	
	Explain nitrogen balance?	
Fat	What are the functions of fat?	
	What are the sources of fat?	
	Explain the structure of fats?	
	What are the effects of blood cholesterol on the following fatty	
	acids saturated, mono-unsaturated and polyunsaturated fats?	
	What is the role of essential fatty acids in the diet?	
	What are the functions of carbohydrate?	
Carbohydrates	What are the sources of carbohydrate?	
	What is the nutritional significance of the following carbohydrates	
	_?	
	Sugars – intrinsic, extrinsic, non-milk extrinsic sugars	
	Starch	
	Non-starch polysaccharides (NSP)	
	What are the effects of different carbohydrates on blood sugar	
	levels?	
	What is glycaemic index and glycaemic loading in relation to	
	carbohydrate absorption?	
	What is the role of fat soluble and water-soluble vitamins?	
Vitamins	What are valuable food sources of both these groups?	
	Describe the effects on health deficiencies and excesses of each	
	vitamin?	
	What factors affect bioavailability and absorption of vitamins?	
	What are the respective functions of the different minerals?	
	What are valuable food sources of the various minerals?	
Minerals	Describe the effects on health deficiencies and excesses of each	
	major mineral and trace element?	
	What factors affect bioavailability and absorption of major mineral	
	and trace elements?	
	What are the sources and functions of water and other fluids in	
	the body?	
Water		



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	Propose and justify dietary and lifestyle recommendations that help to prevent CHD?
	Define type two diabetes and outline its symptoms? Outline the risk factors for Type 2 Diabetes?
Type 2 Diabetes	Propose and justify dietary and lifestyle recommendations for the management and prevention of Type 2 Diabetes?
	What is the relationship between alcohol and obesity, CHD and
Alcohol	cancer? Explain how alcohol consumption in pregnancy can affect the baby?
	Explain the nutritional consequences for adult men and women of excess alcohol consumption?
	What are the current guidelines for physical activity for children and adults?
Physical Activity	Discus the health benefits of regular physical activity for children and adults?
Term 3 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 3 - Overarching Key Questions
Term 3 – Topicsy key content	Term's - Overarching Key Questions
Internal assessment	
A mini research-based project.	What topic will you choose and why?
<u>On an AS Topic.</u>	What issues are associated with your chosen area?
	What information will you research?
For example:	What type of research will you use?
Antiovident Supplementer Friend	What methods will you use to present findings?
or Foe!	What reasoning shall you use to draw conclusions? What recommendations will you make for future study
In this unit, students submit a	
report on a research project of their own choice.	
The report should not exceed	
4000 words.	
The project gives students	
opportunities to demonstrate	
appropriate knowledge,	
understanding and skills demanded by the process.	
In this project, students	
 identify and discuss issues 	
associated with their chosen	
research area;	
research area; • select and interpret appropriate and relevant information;	



 analyse information and judge its relevance to their chosen research area; plan and conduct primary research present and interpret findings from research they have undertaken; draw conclusions using reasoned arguments; and make recommendations for future study. 	
Assessment Overview and Format:	Links for Home Learning/Extension Resources:
Students will be assessed both formatively and summatively	All students must be spending 3 hrs on Food work either homework / exam questions or keeping up to date with content by revising class theory concepts
Verbal feedback will be given to students in the lesson. The students will be assessed using exam style questions and	Students will be part of the showbie and teams groups where resources will be stored
also a revision workbook with past exam papers will be issued	Students will be encouraged to carry out extra research on topics covered and to relate to everyday menu planning.
to each student along with revision questions.	Mark schemes will be shared to allow sample answers to be written

Key Stage 5 Photography Curriculum Year 12

Key Stage 5 Photography Curriculu	
Term 1 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 1 - Overarching Key Questions
The first term is all about skill building and experimentation. Students will experiment with cameras, lenses and editing software. They will experience working with artificial lighting as well as natural. They will also look at ways in which to create narratives through images.	How can we produce photographs for a purpose? What lenses work best for different scenarios? How will you know you have picked the best settings and lens?
The theme will be Shadow and Light.	
Term 2 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 2 - Overarching Key Questions
Students will start their Personal Study in which they will create a selection of mini studies and this will continue from January to January next year.	How will you know you have chosen the best personal study for you? What is your personal interest in the topic?
Students will need to ensure the topic is one that personally interests them so that they will be able to study the subject in depth. The work will be student led and the teacher will only be there to facilitate and give advice. Students will have regular interviews on progress to ensure students are critically thinking about their chosen topic.	What will make your portfolio different to that of others? How will you create a path to your final outcome?
Term 3 – Topics/ Key Content	Course Structure
This term will be a continuation of the above with the first development finished and the second being worked towards. The direction would now be very clear. Students should now be thinking about their Art assignment of 4000 words. They must be clear on the direction of this so that they are ready to type it up in the summer holiday.	The A Level Art and Design course content is broken down into 2 components: Component 1: Personal Study makes up 60% of the total grade. Component 2: Exam makes up 40% of the total grade. Students will be choosing their own topics for the Personal Study.
Assessment Overview and Format:	Links for Home Learning/Extension Resources:
There will be a continuous assessment through the skill building in term one and in the progress of the Personal Study. These will help monitor ongoing progress of the students.	All students must be spending 5-6 hours on their artwork in their own time. The work will not be a standalone exercise but part of their project. Students will all be part of the Teams group on which
	all work will be submitted and marked.



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Students will complete 3 Outcomes and be assessed on these in this year. Students will not complete their Personal study until January in year 2. At this stage, they will receive their final estimated grade based on internal moderation.

Students will create a digital pdf file of their portfolio which will be updated each half term and stored in Teams.

All resources will also be stored on this app to guide the students.

Key Stage 5 Physics Curriculum Year 12

We follow the international iAQA specification with exams in January and June.

We follow the international AQA specification	with exams in sundary and sune.
1	FERM 1
3.1 Measurements and their errors	3.1 Measurements and their errors
3.1.1 SI Units and their prefixes	3.1.2 Limitation of physical measurement
	3.1.3 Estimation of physical quantities
3.2 Mechanics and materials	3.2 Particles and Radiation
3.2.1 Force, energy and momentum	3.3.1 Particles
	3.3.2 Electromagnetic radiation and quantum
	phenomena
Exam practice and gap filling	Exam practice and gap filling
R	Revision
Preparation	for Exams (unit 1)
1	TERM 2
3.5 Waves	3.4 Electricity
3.5.1 Progressive and stationary waves	3.4.1 Current electricity
3.5.2 Refraction, diffraction and interference	
1	TERM 3
R	Revision
Preparation	for Exams (unit 2)
3.6 Further mechanics and thermal physics	3.7 Fields and their consequences
3.6.2 Thermal physics	3.7.1 Fields
Assessment Overview and Format:	Links for Home Learning/Extension Resources:
For each topic, students will complete.	All resources will be shared with students on
- exam question homework	TEAMS.
- short end of unit quizzes	Physics and Maths Tutor – exam questions and
	revision notes
Key Assessments will assess all content to the	https://www.physicsandmathstutor.com/
date of the assessment. They will have the	IAQA specification
format of AS papers.	oxfordaqa-international-as-and-a-level-physics-
	<pre>specification.pdf (oxfordaqaexams.org.uk)</pre>



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Key Stage 5 Politics Curriculum m	nap Year 12
Term 1 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 1 – UK Government and Politics
	Historical context of the UK Political System
UK Government and Politics	 Anglo-Saxon institutions
	Norman and Angevin rule
Section 1 – Introduction to	Magna Carta
	 Creation of Parliament
politics_	 Journey towards Parliamentary sovereignty
	 Monarchy and Parliament – Civil war
	Bill of Rights
	Act of Settlement 1701
	 Creation of the United Kingdom
	Parliament Acts
	European Communities Act
	Rise of democracy in the UK
	The UK political system
	What is politics
	British politics
	The parliamentary system
	Continuity and change
	Democracy in Britain
Saction 2 Covernment in the	The constitution
<u>Section 2 – Government in the</u>	What is a constitution
<u>UK</u>	Codified and uncodified constitutions
	 Sources of the UK constitution
	Key principles of the UK constitution
	Strengths and weaknesses of the UK
	constitution
	 Constitutional reform since 1997
	 Should the UK adopt a codified constitution
	Where next for constitutional reform.
	Devolution
	What is devolution
	 The Scottish parliament and government
	The Welsh assembly and government
	The Northern Assembly and executive
	 How should England be governed
	 The impact of devolution on UK politics
	Parliament
	The Houses of Commons
	The House of Lords
	Comparative powers of the Commons and the
	Lords
	Functions of Parliament The Deletionship between Derliement and the
	The Relationship between Parliament and the Executive
	Executive
Term 2 – UK	Term 2 - <u>UK Government and Politics</u>
	The Prime Minister and executive
	The executive
	The Prime Minister and cabinet
	Ministerial responsibility



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• The relative power of the prime minister and cabinet The power of the prime minister and cabinet to • dictate events and determine policy. The supreme court The role and composition of the Supreme Court • Key doctrines and principles that underpin the work of the Supreme Court The power of the UK Supreme Court The overall impact of the UK Supreme court The potential impact of Brexit on the jurisdiction, power and authority of the UK Supreme court Conclusions The European Union The development of the European Union The aims of the European Union The roles and functions of European institutions The European Union political system The impact of the European Union on British • politics The decision to leave the European Union Section 3 – Political participation Democracy and political participation What is democracy • Forms of democracy How effectively does democracy operate in the UK Extending the franchise • Political participation • How do pressure groups and other organisations promote democracy and political participation The protection of rights in a democracy What could be done to improve democracy in the UK Electoral systems Elections and democracy • The first-past-the-post system Advantages and disadvantages of the first-pastthe-post system Other electoral systems used in the UK • The impact of the electoral systems used in the . UK Referendums in the UK • Voting behaviour and the role of the media in politics How do different regions of the UK vote • How do class, gender, age and ethnicity affect voting

in the UK

- Changes in voting trends •
- Explaining voter choice •
- The role of the party leader •



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	 Voting trends across elections
	The role of the media in politics
	Political parties
	What is a political party
	 Types of political party in the UK
	The UK party system
	The three main political parties in the UK
	The structure and organization of the three main
	UK parties
	 Political party funding in the UK
Term 3 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 3 - Overarching Key Questions
	Voting behaviour and the role of the media in politics
	 How do different regions of the UK vote
	• How do class, gender, age and ethnicity affect
	voting
	Changes in voting trends
	Explaining voter choice
	The role of the party leader
	 Voting trends across elections
	The role of the media in politics
	Political parties
	What is a political party
	Types of political party in the UK
	The UK party system
	The three main political parties in the UK
	The structure and organization of the three main
	UK parties
	 Political party funding in the UK
	Political ideologies
Political ideas	Liberalism
	 Introduction to Liberalism
	The origins of liberalism
	The core ideas of liberalism
	 Different types of liberalism
	Tensions within liberalism
	Conclusion – liberalism today
	 Conclusion – liberalism today
	 Conclusion – liberalism today <u>Conservatism</u>
	 Conclusion – liberalism today <u>Conservatism</u> Introduction – the politics of maintenance
	 Conclusion – liberalism today <u>Conservatism</u> Introduction – the politics of maintenance The origins of conservatism
	 Conclusion – liberalism today <u>Conservatism</u> Introduction – the politics of maintenance The origins of conservatism The core ideas of conservatism
	 Conclusion – liberalism today <u>Conservatism</u> Introduction – the politics of maintenance The origins of conservatism The core ideas of conservatism Tensions within conservatism
Assessment Overview and Format:	 Conclusion – liberalism today Conservatism Introduction – the politics of maintenance The origins of conservatism The core ideas of conservatism Tensions within conservatism Conclusion – conservatism today
Assessment Overview and Format:	 Conclusion – liberalism today <u>Conservatism</u> Introduction – the politics of maintenance The origins of conservatism The core ideas of conservatism Tensions within conservatism
	 Conclusion – liberalism today Conservatism Introduction – the politics of maintenance The origins of conservatism The core ideas of conservatism Tensions within conservatism Conclusion – conservatism today
Assessment Overview and Format: Students complete two key assessments across the year and do essays and source	 Conclusion – liberalism today Conservatism Introduction – the politics of maintenance The origins of conservatism The core ideas of conservatism Tensions within conservatism Conclusion – conservatism today Links for Home Learning/Extension Resources:





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around politics, newspapers, tv shows, social media etc.



Key Stage 5 Psychology Curriculum Year 12

Key Stage 5 Psychology Curriculum Year 12		
Term 1 – Topics/ Key Content	Overarching Key Questions	
Introduction to A-Level exam terminology and assessment objectives. <u>Research Methods</u> • Scientific breakdown of how psychological research is conducted. • Conducting scientific research. • Scientific processes of research. • Data handling and analysis • Inferential testing Approaches	 How is psychological research conducted? 	
 How Psychology emerged and became a Science; Introspection. Different approaches of schools of thought and their beliefs and explanations of behaviour. Biopsychology; structures of nervous system, neurons, endocrine system, adrenaline and fight or flight response. Biopsychology Brain scanning techniques Post-mortem examinations Biological rhythms – sleep 	 Is Psychology a science? How did psychology start? How can we explain behaviour? How do we investigate the brain? What happens to our brain when we sleep? 	
Term 2 – Topics/ Key Content		
 Memory Types of memories and how they are structured; including models of memory. Explanations of forgetting. Factors affecting eyewitness testimony and how to improve the accuracy. Including theories and studies investigating Memory. 	 How is our memory structured? Why is some people's memory better than others? What factors affect our ability to recall information? 	
 Attachment Babies development and interactions with caregivers. Explanations of attachment types. Importance of mother and father and early attachment for children. Impact of maternal deprivation. Research studies and theories investigating attachment of children animals. Term 3 – Topics/ Key Content 	 How important are our experiences as babies/ young children? How do our childhood experiences affect adulthood? Who is most important for the development of children; mother or father? How similar is the development of attachment in animals to human children? 	
 Psychopathology Defining abnormality Mental health 	 What is normal behavior? What affects does the labels 'abnormal' and 'mental health' have on individuals? 	

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 How do other people affect our behaviour? Why do we obey authority? How does our environment or situation affect our behaviour? Are we likely to obey people in uniform? How can a minority of people impact society?
Links for Home Learning/Extension Resources:
Link for exam board and previous exam materials: <u>https://www.aqa.org.uk/subjects/psychology/as-and-a-level</u> Revision materials and exam practice: <u>https://www.tutor2u.net/psychology</u> <u>https://youtu.be/0PokyYvuL7Q</u>



Key Stage 5 Sociology Curriculum Year 12

Taura A. Tauta / Ka Oa ta t	Taura 1. Oceannachta a Kar O saite sa
Term 1 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 1 - Overarching Key Questions
<u>UNIT 1 – Socialisation and Identity</u>	What is the process of learning and socialisation?
	How does society balance consensus and social control?
	How does social identity form and change?
Term 2 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 2 - Overarching Key Questions
UNIT 1 –Research Methods	How is research conducted?
	What are the theoretical approaches to research and Sociology as a Science?
	What are the practical, ethical, and theoretical issues of sociological research?
UNIT 2- Family	What is the role of the family?
	Diversity in family
	What are the changing roles within family, marriage, and relationships?
Term 3 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 3 - Overarching Key Questions
UNIT 2 - Family	What are the challenges of the social construct of age?
UNIT 3 Education (IA Level unit, to be completed in Year 13)	What are theories about the role of education?
Assessment Overview and Format:	Links for Home Learning/Extension Resources:
In June students will sit their IAS Level Sociology exam. Each unit has an examination of 1hour 30 minutes.	Students will be issued a copy of the Cambridge International Examination IA Level Sociology textbook.
Once the examination has been completed, students will continue to	Students are recommended to download a free digital copy of Sociology in Focus
follow the IA Level programme and begin the Education unit.	https://www.shortcutstv.com/blog/2019/02/08/free- textbook-sociology-in-focus-for-as/
During the year, students will be assessed informally through	https://www.shortcutstv.com/blog/2019/02/10/sociology- in-focus-for-a2-free-textbook/



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discussion, completion of past paper	
questions and verbal feedback. Formal	This is an essential website, which gives you the
summative assessments will take place	specifications.
every half term, with a mock	
examination, at the end of each unit.	https://www.cambridgeinternational.org/programmes-and-
	qualifications/cambridge-international-as-and-a-level-
	sociology-9699/-
	Useful websites for revision and exam practice
	https://hecticteachersalevelsociologysite.wordpress.com/
	http://sociology.org.uk/
	https://www.tutor2u.net/sociology/reference

Key Stage 5 Sport Curriculum Year 12

key Stage 5 Sport Curriculum Year	12
Term 1 – Topics/ Key Content	Course Structure
Unit 25: Sport Injuries Management	In this unit you will:
Learners develop the skills to identify common sporting injuries, their potential causes and how these can be managed with different rehabilitation interventions and	A Explore different types and causes of common sporting injuries and how they affect sports performers
exercises.	B Explore risk factors for the management and prevention of common sporting injuries
	C Develop treatment and rehabilitation programmes for common sporting injuries.
Term 2 – Topics/Key Content	Course Structure
Unit 27: Sports Psychology	In this unit you will:
Learners develop an understanding of the psychological demands of sport and develop techniques to improve sporting	A Explore the effect of personality and motivation on sports performance
performance.	B Explore the relationship between stress, anxiety, arousal, team dynamics and sports performance
The unit covers three key areas in sport and exercise psychology and looks at a range of techniques which can be used to enhance performance. Firstly, learners will explore methods used to promote and develop motivation in sport and exercise; secondly, learners will look at the skills of imagery and mental rehearsal and consider their psychological applications. Thirdly, learners will be introduced to methods of managing and controlling arousal levels within the sporting environment to ensure optimum arousal levels are achieved to match the requirements of the activity.	
Term 3 – Topics/Key Content	Course Structure
Unit 28: Fitness Testing	In this unit you will:
The aim of this unit is to enable learners to gain an understanding of fitness testing and the importance of health screening and health monitoring tests.	A Examine a range of laboratory-based and field-based fitness tests



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B Use health screening techniques and fitness tests for a specified purpose
C Interpret the results of fitness tests and health screening techniques for a specified purpose.

Key Stage 5 Technology Curriculum Year 12

Key Stage 5 Technology Curriculum Year 12	
Term 1 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 1 - Overarching Key Questions
During this term, students will be introduced to the course, will begin to explore the course, and explained the overview for the next two years.	What is a design movement and how does my work link to a chosen designer? How am I using ergonomic and anthropometric
During this term, students will be challenged to design and make a chair taking into consideration a designer and design movement of their choice.	data to develop and model design ideas? What skills and techniques am I using, how am I
Students will be expected to work with a range of materials; this will allow them to understand the material properties and the different techniques needed to work with each material.	documenting the quality control checks I am going through?
Students will follow a similar layout the NEA that they will be undergoing in year 13. They will be expected to:	
 Research Design Develop and model Manufacture 	
Test and Evaluate	Town 2. Overenshing Key Questions
Term 2 – Topics/ Key Content	Term 2 - Overarching Key Questions
During this term, students will be challenged to design and make a lamp that is designed and manufactured with a client in mind. It would	Am I meeting the needs of my client? What techniques do I need to develop on from
benefit students to work with a range of materials; this will allow them to understand the material properties and the different techniques	last term? What makes a successful an aesthetically pleasing
needed to work with each material. It will be expected that students attempt at least one new	lamp?
technique or process during this project, during either the modelling or the manufacture of their final product.	How is modelling informing the design development?
Students will follow a similar layout the NEA that they will be undergoing in year 13. They will be expected to:	
ResearchDesignDevelop and model	
 Manufacture Test and Evaluate 	
Term 3 – Topics/ Key Content	The NEA
During this term, students will be challenged to	Setting the task Students must undertake a
design and make a scale model of a building that	small-scale design and make task and produce a



they have designed. This project will have a heavy focus on their CAD skills. Students will also be asked to create a scale model, which will challenge them mathematically.

It will be expected that students attempt at least during either the modelling or the manufacture of their final product.

One of the techniques they will be expected to complete is a CAD Rendering of their final model. Students will follow a similar layout the NEA that they will be undergoing in year 13. They will be expected to:

- Research •
- Design
- Develop and model
- Manufacture
- Test and Evaluate

During Term 3 students will begin to research into concise folder. We recommend that this folder their chosen topic for their NEA. This Design and make tasks should aim to solve a real-world solution and holds no boundaries or framework. Students can choose a problem they face in their day-to-day lives. A problem they notice in their community or a global issue.

final prototype based on a context and design brief developed by the student.

Taking the task with reference to the context, students will develop a specific brief that meets the needs of a user, client or market. The brief one new technique or process during this project, must be of an appropriate level of complexity and contain a degree of uncertainty of the outcome so that students can engage in an iterative process of designing, making, testing and evaluating. Students must produce a final prototype based on the design brief they have developed, along with a written or digital design folder or portfolio. Students must produce a written or digital design folder clearly evidencing how the assessment criteria have been met together with photographic evidence of the final manufactured prototype outcome. Evidence Students must produce a final prototype based on the design brief that they have developed. Students should produce a should not exceed 45 pages. Students who do not follow these guidelines will penalise themselves by not meeting the expectations of the assessment appropriately. Students that exceed the recommended length will self-penalise by not being appropriately focused on the demands of the task. Students that produce work that is shorter than the recommended page count will self-penalise by not allowing appropriate coverage of the assessment objectives. Time limits Time limits for completion of the NEA are not specified because the process of producing the design portfolio is iterative and undertaken independently, while the final prototype is manufactured under immediate guidance or supervision in school/college. Where specialist processes or equipment are required beyond the school/college they may be utilised but this must be documented in the Candidate Record Form (CRF). We expect students to be selective in their choice of material to include, and to manage their time appropriately Links for Home Learning/Extension Resources:

> All home learning is uploaded onto Showbie and Go4Schools. The work is mostly a continuation of skills and tasks we have started in lesson as this helps students prepare for the style of homework if the subject is taken at GCSE.

Design and Development skills Practical •

assessed on the following:

Research skills

Assessment Overview and Format:

In Design Technology assess using the same

format as in A Level in which students are



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 Testing and Evaluative Skills. 	On occasions, this can be related to research for a
Students will also participate in mock exams	topic, analysis of a design work piece or a skill
through the academic year. These exams will be	building exercise.
formal exams in the form of a past paper	
submitted by the exam board	

Keys Stage 5 Physical Education Curriculum Year 12

Term 1 – Topics/ Key Content	Course Structure
and practice for learning, Theories of learning, Guidance and feedback, information processing. <u>Anatomy and Physiology</u> - Cardiovascular System, Respiratory System, Neuromuscular System Sport and Society - Pre-industrial, industrial	 The A Level PE course content is broken down into 4 components: 1. Skill Acquisition 2. Anatomy and Physiology 3. Sport and Society 4. Practical and Practical Coursework Components 1-3 makes up 70% of the total grade Component 4 makes up 30% of the total grade. Students will be taught by a separate teacher for each component
Term 2 – Topics/ Key Content	Practical Work
processing model system, Aspects of personality, Attitudes, Arousal, <u>Anatomy and Physiology</u> - Musculo-Skeletal system and analysis of movement in PA, Energy Systems, Diet and Nutrition and their effect on PA and Performance, Preparation and training methods in relation to maintaining PA and Performance. <u>Sport and Society</u> – Social theory applied to	 Students are required to be assessed in one activity in the role of player/performer or coach. Students can be assessed only in activities identified in the specification, which are those stipulated in the Department for Education's (DfE) GCE AS and A-level activity list for physical education. They will be assessed in three areas of assessment. Students will be assessed for all of the activities in the following skills: Area of assessment 1: Technical quality – aspect 1 (15 marks). Area of assessment 2: Technical quality – aspect 2 (15 marks). Area of assessment 3: Application of strategic/tactical awareness (15 marks).
Term 3 – Topics/ Key Content	Practical Coursework
Motivation, Achievement motivation	Students will complete a verbal or written analysis of their chosen sport. 45 Marks (15% of overall A level)



<u>Sport and Society</u> – Ethics in sport. Violence in sport. Drugs in sport.	
Assessment Overview and Format:	Links for Home Learning/Extension Resources:
components throughout the year. These will help monitor ongoing progress.	Each student will receive a course textbook. All students have access to Everlearner. This will be used to support students' preparation for lessons. Students will all be part of the A Level PE Microsoft TEAMS where other resources/ class notes and notifications will be posted.
Students will also be assessed in one practical sporting activity and supporting coursework.	